

**Listening**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Part 1: write a **letter**

<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>

Part 2: write a **word or short phrase**

<b>9</b>	
<b>10</b>	
<b>11</b>	
<b>12</b>	
<b>13</b>	
<b>14</b>	
<b>15</b>	
<b>16</b>	
<b>17</b>	

Part 3: write a **letter**

<b>18</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>
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Part 4: write a **letter**

<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>

# PAPER 4 LISTENING (40 minutes approximately)

## Part 1

You will hear four different extracts. For questions **1–8**, choose the answer (**A**, **B** or **C**) which fits best according to what you hear. There are two questions for each extract.

### Extract 1

You hear part of a radio interview about an amusement park and its founder.

1 Why does Ray Taylor say he only goes on some rides once?

- A to indicate how busy he is
- B to show he has checked them all
- C to make them seem exciting

	1
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2 Charles Wicksteed's job was

- A running the park.
- B managing an engineering company.
- C inventing machines.

	2
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### Extract 2

You hear a rock musician speaking about his early life.

3 What made the speaker, as a child, interested in his father's hobby?

- A It seemed rather mysterious and scary.
- B It was his only chance to listen to the radio.
- C It opened the outside world up to him.

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4 How did he feel when he first heard his record on the radio?

- A overjoyed
- B shocked
- C embarrassed

	4
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### Extract 3

You hear a radio announcement telling listeners about an arts programme later in the evening.

5 The subject of tonight's programme is

- A a new theatrical production.
- B actors in film and theatre.
- C the analysis of one type of play.

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6 Rowntree has chosen a new area of work because

- A he enjoys theatre work so much.
- B he wants to have an overview of theatre.
- C he is getting too old to be a director.

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### Extract 4

You hear a speaker talking about a medicine called 'PROKAZ' and how she chose its name.

7 The speaker said she wanted to choose a name that

- A could be used in many different languages.
- B would suggest the qualities of the product.
- C would be easy to remember.

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8 'KAZ' was chosen as part of the name 'PROKAZ' because

- A modern scientists used these letters.
- B it already existed.
- C it sounded progressive.

	8
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## Part 2

You will hear the beginning of an interview in which a university professor talks about the robot he has designed, called Jeremy. For questions 9–17, complete the sentences with a word or short phrase.

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In the trials, Jeremy had to find his way round a complicated

	<b>9</b>
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without problems.

Professor Shepherd mentions

	<b>10</b>
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as a possibly dangerous substance that robots can deal with.

He believes that making robots will help researchers to understand

	<b>11</b>
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itself.

Researchers decided to use the model of ants, whose

	<b>12</b>
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are adequate for their needs.

In appearance, Jeremy most resembles a

	<b>13</b>
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on wheels.

Jeremy has a

	<b>14</b>
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attached on top of him.

Professor Shepherd compares giving Jeremy rewards and punishments with

	<b>15</b>
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Professor Shepherd describes his use of the terms 'reward' and 'punishment' as a kind of

	<b>16</b>
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He gives the example of a robotic

	<b>17</b>
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to show how far domestic robots have developed.

### Part 3

You will hear an interview with Dr Janet Thompson, who spent many years in Africa observing chimpanzees. For questions **18–22**, choose the answer (**A, B, C** or **D**) which fits best according to what you hear.

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**18** When Dr Thompson first saw a chimpanzee using a blade of grass as a tool,

- A** it made her feel much closer to the animal.
- B** it confirmed one of her theories.
- C** it fulfilled her expectations.
- D** it had no initial impact on her.

	<b>18</b>
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**19** Dr Thompson was not worried about her personal safety while in Africa because

- A** wild animals tend to avoid conflict with humans.
- B** she had never been hurt by an animal.
- C** the potentially dangerous chimpanzees knew her well.
- D** she was able to avoid the wild animals.

	<b>19</b>
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**20** According to Dr Thompson, the only disadvantage of bringing up her son in Gombe was

- A** the lack of expert medical services in case of illness.
- B** the risk of drowning in the lake.
- C** the danger of attack by a wild animal.
- D** the fact that there were no other children of his age.

	<b>20</b>
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**21** Dr Thompson corrects the interviewer by explaining that father chimpanzees

- A** are unlikely to take on a paternal role.
- B** keep male intruders or rivals at a distance.
- C** extend their territory for reasons of pride.
- D** rescue their females from danger.

	<b>21</b>
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**22** Dr Thompson decided to leave Gombe and the chimpanzees because

- A** she wanted the company of people again.
- B** there was little more to be discovered about their habits.
- C** she felt impelled to tell people about the problem.
- D** her research needed to be taken to the next stage.

	<b>22</b>
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You will hear five short extracts in which people are talking about different free-time activities they take part in.

**Task One**

For questions **1-5**, choose from the list (**A-H**) each speaker's main reason for doing the activity.

**Task Two**

For questions **6-10**, choose from the list (**A-H**) what each speaker plans to do in the future.

You will hear the recording twice. While you listen, you must complete both tasks.

- A a wish to excel at something  1
- B nostalgia for a former interest  2
- C feeling in need of a challenge  3
- D proving someone wrong  4
- E a love of entertaining people  5
- F a need to impress others  6
- G the chance to improve fitness  7
- H wanting to develop existing skills  8

- A learn new techniques  9
- B meet like-minded people  10
- C find work in a related field  11
- D initiate a local project  12
- E participate in a major event  13
- F put original work on show  14
- G gain a qualification  15
- H pass on expertise  16

10 marks